Sample Paper-12

Time: 3 Hours

General Instructions:

Maximum Marks: 80

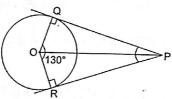
- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) The question paper consists of 30 questions divided into four sections-A, B, C and D. (iii) Section A contains 6 questions of 1 mark each. Section B contains 6 questions of 2 marks each. Section C contains 10 questions of 3 marks each and Section D contains 8 questions
- (iv) Use of calculator is not permitted.

SECTION A

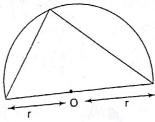
1. Write $\frac{3}{8}$ in decimal form.

2. Find the roots of equation $\sqrt{2x^2 + 9} = 9$.

3. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. If AB = 4 cm, BC = 3.5 cm, CA = 2.5 cm and DF = 7.5 cm, then find the perimeter of ADEF. 4. The angle between two radii of circle is 130°. Find the angle between the tangents at the ends



- 5. A single letter is selected at random from the word "PROBABILITY". Find the probability that it is vowel.
- 6. Find the area of largest triangle that can be inscribed in a semi-circle of radius r.



SECTION B

7. If n is an odd integer, then show that $n^2 - 1$ is divisible by 8.

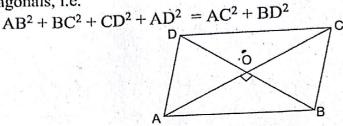
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8. Find the value of P for which the following equation has two equal roots

2

For what value of k, the roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 - 4kx + k = 0$ are real and

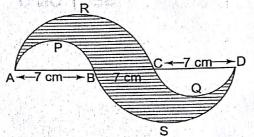
9. Prove that the sum of the squares of the sides of a rhombus is equal to the sum of the squares of its diagonals, i.e.



10. Evaluate $\frac{2\sin^2 63^\circ + 1 + 2\sin^2 27^\circ}{3\cos^2 17^\circ - 2 + 3\cos^2 73^\circ}$

11. Find the value of k, if the points (k, 3), (6, -2) and (-3, 4) are collinear.

12. In the figure, APB and CQD are semi-circles of diameter 7 cm each, while ARC and BSD are semicircles of diameter 14 cm each. Find the perimeter of the shaded region. $\left(\text{Use }\pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$



SECTION C

- 13. Three bells toll at intervals of 9, 12, 15 minutes respectively. If they start tolling together after what time will they next toll together? 3
- 14. If $x^2 + x 12$ divides $P(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + bx 84$ exactly, find a and b. 3
- 15. For what value of a, the pair of linear equations ax + 3y = a 3, 12x + ay = a has no solution?
- 16. If 7 times the 7th term of an A.P is equal to the 11 times its 11th term, show that its 18th term is zero.

OR

The sum of first 16 terms of an A.P is 112 and sum of its next fourteen terms is 518. Find the A.P.

- 17. Draw a triangle ABC with side BC = 7 cm, \angle B = 45°, \angle A = 105°. Then construct another triangle whose sides are $\frac{3}{2}$ times the corresponding sides of $\triangle ABC$.
- 18. Find the value of x if $4\left(\frac{\sec^2 59^\circ - \cot^2 31^\circ}{3}\right) - \frac{2}{3}\sin 90^\circ + 3\tan^2 56^\circ \times \tan^2 34^\circ = \frac{x}{3}$

2

2

3

Prove that
$$\left(\tan\theta + \frac{1}{\cos\theta}\right)^2 + \left(\tan\theta - \frac{1}{\cos\theta}\right)^2 = \frac{2(1+\sin^2\theta)}{1-\sin^2\theta}$$

- 19. From the top of a vertical tower, the angles of depression of two cars, in the same straight with the base of the tower at an instant, are found to be 45° and 60°. If the cars are 100 mapart and on the same side of the tower, find the height of the tower. (Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$)
- 20. The mean of the following frequency distribution is 62.8 Find the missing frequency f:

Class	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	100-120
Frequency	5	8	f	12	7	8

- 21. All face cards are removed from the pack of cards. A card is drawn at random. Find the probability that the card drawn is (a) an ace card, (b) a black card, (c) a spade card.
- 22. The radii of the circular end of a bucket of height 15 cm are 14 cm and r cm (r < 14 cm). If the volume of the bucket is 5390 cm³, then find the value of r. $\left[use \pi = \frac{22}{7} \right]$

SECTION D

- 23. If α and β are the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $f(x) = x^2 + x 2$, find the value of $\left(\frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{1}{\beta}\right)$.
- 24. Solve graphically the pair of linear equations

$$2x + y = 8$$
, $x + 1 = 2y$

Also, find the coordinates of the points where the lines represented by the above equations meets the x-axis.

4

- 25. Prove that if a line drawn parallel to one side of a triangle intersecting the other two sides, then it divides the two sides in same ratio.
- 26. Prove that opposite sides of a quadrilateral circumscribing a circle subtended supplementary angles of the centre of the circle.
- 27. If $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \beta} = m$, $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \beta} = n$ show that $(m^2 + n^2) \cos^2 \beta = n^2$.
- 28. If P(x, y) is any point on the line joining the point A(a, 0) and B(0, b), then show that $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$

a b OR

If the point
$$(a, 0)$$
, $(0, b)$ and $(1, 1)$ are collinear, show that $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = 1$.

29. The median of the following data is 20.75. Find the missing frequencies x and y, if the total frequency is 100.

Class Interval	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40
Frequency	7	10	x'	13	у	10	14	9

Jay Pravesh, a juice seller has set-up his juice shop. He has three types of glasses of inner diameter 5 cm to serve the customers. The height of the glasses is 10 cm.



Type A (A glass with a plane bottom)



Type B (A glass with hemispherical raised base)



Type C (A glass with conical raised bottom of height 1.5 cm)

He decided to serve the customers in 'A' type of glasses.

- (i) Find the volume of glass of type A.
- (ii) Which glass has the minimum capacity?
- (iii) Which mathematical concept is used in above problem?
- (iv) By choosing a glass of type A, which value is depicted by juice seller?